

**CHAPTER 15-QUIZ**  
**Gaining Access and triage**

Circle the letter of the best answer.

1. The First Responder's first consideration at any emergency scene must always be:
  - a. traffic control.
  - b. extrication.
  - c. personal safety.
  - d. patient treatment.
  
2. On high-speed roads, you should set out a warning device at least \_\_\_\_\_ from the scene.
  - a. 200 feet
  - b. 250 feet
  - c. 350 feet
  - d. 500 feet
  
3. Which of the following is the BEST way to stabilize a tilted vehicle so that you can work inside it?
  - a. Tie the vehicle in place with a rope.
  - b. Chock the wheels.
  - c. Return the vehicle to an upright position.
  - d. Have other responders or bystanders hold it in place.



11. The process of sorting a number of patients into categories and ordering their treatment and transport based on the severity of their injuries and medical conditions is called:
  - a. categorizing.
  - b. prioritizing.
  - c. labeling.
  - d. triage.
12. The typical triage process allows for the triage officer to:
  - a. stop triage to care for patients in respiratory or cardiac arrest.
  - b. provide care for patients in order from nearest to farthest.
  - c. stop triage to help the walking wounded to the staging area.
  - d. continue triage until it is complete, without stopping to care for any patient, regardless of priority.
13. When using a typical four-category triage system, a patient suffering from burns with no airway problems would be classified as a \_\_\_\_\_ patient.
  - a. priority 1
  - b. priority 2
  - c. priority 3
  - d. priority 4
14. A four-step simple triage and rapid treatment program designed for use in multiple-casualty incidents when additional help will be delayed is the \_\_\_\_\_ plan.
  - a. CARE
  - b. TRIAGE
  - c. START
  - d. RESCUE
15. The nighttime landing area for a large helicopter should be at least:
  - a. 60 feet by 60 feet.
  - b. 100 feet by 100 feet.
  - c. 120 feet by 120 feet.
  - d. 200 feet by 200 feet.

#### CHAPTER 15-IN THE FIELD

Review the following real-life situation. Then answer the questions that follow. You are the first to arrive at the scene of a motor vehicle crash, but since you are driving your personal vehicle, you have no equipment other than a first-aid kit, a cell phone, and the BSI you always carry in your car. The vehicle in the MVC has hit a pole, which is cracked about halfway up, and there are wires draped across the vehicle. You can see that there are two passengers in the car, and neither of them appears to be moving when you arrive. There is a moderate amount of blood on both of their faces, but you are unable to determine the extent of their injuries at this time.

1. What is your first responsibility when you arrive at this scene?
2. After you have performed the initial steps necessary at this scene, you notice that both of the passengers are beginning to move around. The driver rolls down his window and asks you for assistance. What should you do at this time?

CHAPTER 15-REVIEW

Write the word or words that best complete each sentence in the space provided.

1. When arriving at the scene of an emergency, always approach \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ .
2. Always evaluate vehicle \_\_\_\_\_ when you assess the scene.
3. Once you stabilize the vehicle, there are two access methods to use for reaching a patient: \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ .
4. \_\_\_\_\_ glass will not shatter into sharp pieces or shards.
5. Never use the \_\_\_\_\_ if there is a possibility of a fire in a building. The \_\_\_\_\_ can act as a flue and pull flames, hot toxic gases, and smoke into the \_\_\_\_\_ .
6. Consider all downed lines as \_\_\_\_\_ .
7. The role of the First Responder in a hazardous materials situation is to first \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ around the scene.
8. All contaminated victims must remain in the \_\_\_\_\_ zone until the hazmat team \_\_\_\_\_ them and brings them to the \_\_\_\_\_ zone for care by EMS personnel.
9. At a radiation accident, a patient is \_\_\_\_\_ when he has come in contact with a \_\_\_\_\_ source, which may be \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ , or particles.
10. The typical triage process \_\_\_\_\_ allow for you to stop and provide \_\_\_\_\_ for each person in need of care, including patients who are in \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ arrest.

CHAPTER 15-TRIAGE

Prioritize the following patients, using the four-category triage method. You have responded to a motor vehicle crash involving a small bus carrying 10 passengers and a driver and a tractor trailer with a driver. The bus appears to have rolled over and landed on its wheels in the roadway and the tractor trailer is jackknifed in a nearby ditch. It is about 3:00 p.m., the temperature is 35°, and the wind is blowing at about 15 mph.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. The driver of the tractor trailer who has been ejected from the vehicle and is trapped under the wheels. His pupils are dilated, and he is pulseless and nonbreathing.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. The driver of the bus who is slumped in his seat. He is unconscious; has pale, clammy skin, and a large contusion on his forehead.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. An approximately 15-year-old female who is screaming that her leg hurts.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. An elderly woman who has no apparent injuries, but who is complaining of severe chest pain. She is pale and having obvious respiratory distress.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. A middle-aged man who has an open head injury with exposed brain tissue. He is displaying agonal respirations.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. A pregnant woman in her mid-twenties who appears to be in labor. She is able to inform you that she has just entered her third trimester of pregnancy and that she sustained a hard blow to her abdomen.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. A young man who is twisted under a seat. He has an open fracture to his left upper leg and what appears to be a closed fracture to his right lower leg. His right arm is also angulated at the wrist.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. A young woman who has several minor lacerations to her face and arms, but who appears to be uninjured otherwise. She is mostly concerned about her children.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. An infant who was being held in the arms of his mother when the accident occurred. The infant was flung against the seat in front of the mother and is now lying on the floor with his head at an abnormal angle. He is not breathing and has no pulse.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. A 3-year-old toddler who is clinging to her mother and screaming uncontrollably. Her nose is bleeding, and she has a large bruise on the side of her face and a laceration on her upper leg that has blood spurting from it.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. A woman in her mid-forties who appears to have minor stiffness and lacerations, and who is attempting to assist the pregnant woman.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. A middle-aged man who is trapped under some seats and who has no apparent injuries. He is demanding to be assisted in exiting the bus immediately.